## Week 3 HW, Stoc. Proc 25-26

## Srikanth Pai, MSE

August 3, 2025

1. Consider a DTMC with state space  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  and transition matrix:

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0.6 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\ 0.2 & 0.6 & 0.2 \\ 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) If  $P_0 = (0.4, 0.4, 0.2)$  is the initial distribution on the states (1, 2, 3), compute  $P(X_0 = 1, X_1 = 2, X_2 = 3)$ .
- (b) Find the two-step transition matrix  $P^2$ .
- (c) Compute  $\mathbb{E}(X_3|X_0)$ . Recall that this conditional expectation is a function of  $X_0$ .
- 2. For the chain in problem 1, determine which of the following are stopping times with proof:
  - (a)  $T_1 = \min\{n \ge 0 : X_n = 3\}.$
  - (b)  $T_2 = \min\{n \ge 0 : X_{n+1} = 1\}.$
  - (c)  $T_3 = \min\{n \ge 0 : X_n = 1 \text{ and } X_{n-1} = 3\}$  (with  $T_3 = \infty$  if n = 0).
- 3. For the random time  $S = \max\{n \leq 2 : X_n = 2\}$ :
  - (a) PROVE S is not a stopping time.
  - (b) Starting from  $X_0 = 2$ , calculate:
    - $P(X_{S+1} = 3 | X_S = 2, S = 0)$
    - $P(X_{S+1} = 3 | X_S = 2, S = 2)$
    - $P(X_{S+1} = 3 | X_S = 2)$

Show these are different.

4. Consider the chain with transition matrix:

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.2 & 0.5 & 0.3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Which states are transient/recurrent?
- (b) Let  $T_{24} = \min\{n \ge 1 : X_n = 4 | X_0 = 2\}$ . Calculate  $f_{24}^{(1)}$ ,  $f_{24}^{(2)}$ ,  $f_{24}^{(3)}$  and  $f_{24}$ .

1

(c) Find the mean return time  $\nu_{22} = E[T_{22}]$ .

- 5. Show that if S,T are stopping times, then show that minS,T, maxS,T, S+T are all stopping times. Show an example where S-T is not a stopping time.
- 6. Let  $\{X_n : n \ge 1\}$  is an independent and identically distributed (i.i.d.) sequence  $\mathbb{E}(|X|) < \infty$ . We are interested in the sum of the r.v.s. up to time n,

$$S_n = X_1 + \cdots + X_n$$
.

If T is a stopping time with  $\mathbb{E}(T) < \infty$ , **prove** that

$$\mathbb{E}(S_T) = \mathbb{E}(X)\mathbb{E}(T).$$

Let  $\{S_n|n\geq 0\}$  be a symmetric random walk starting at 0. Let  $N=\inf\{n\in\mathbb{N}:S_n\in(-a,b)\}$  where a,b>0 are fixed integers. Compute  $\Pr\{S_N=b\}$ . [Hint: Show  $\mathbb{E}(S_N)=0$  and then compute the expectation using definition.]